

Stock Symbol: SGF: TSX  
SHORE GOLD INC.

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Saskatoon, Saskatchewan

**STAR DIAMOND PROJECT: DIAMOND RESULTS**  
**8.23, 5.04 AND 4.75 CARAT DIAMONDS IN 190 CARAT PARCEL**

George H. Read, P. Geo., Senior Vice President Exploration and Development, is pleased to announce the eighth set of diamond results from Phase 2 of the underground bulk sample (Phase 1 is the original 25,000 tonne bulk sample) collected from the Star Kimberlite as part of the prefeasibility study. The aim of this additional bulk sample is to increase the size of the diamond valuation parcel from 4,000 to 6,000 carats. The diamond recoveries total 190.44 carats from 1191.53 dry tonnes processed. Included in this release are results for six kimberlite batches of a total of some 80 kimberlite batches that will be processed as part of the Phase 2 bulk sampling program on the Star Diamond Project. A total of 1,093 commercial sized diamonds (greater than 1.18 millimetre square mesh screen), collectively weighing 189.98 carats, has been recovered from the six batches. Thirty diamonds greater than one carat have been recovered and the four largest stones are: 8.23, 5.04, 4.75, and 4.57 carats, respectively. In addition, 24 diamonds (0.46 carats) were recovered down to 0.85 millimetre square mesh. The colour of 68 percent of these diamonds has been classified as white, with a further 12 percent classified as off-white.

Five of these kimberlite batches have been recovered from the Early Joli Fou Kimberlite, which was mined to the south of the shaft (Batches 130, 132, 133 and 134) and on the ramp from the 235 metre level to the drill station on the 215 metre level (Batch 131). Batch 135 was recovered from Mid Joli Fou Kimberlite, which combined with the small sample size, explains the lower grade (6.64 cpht) of this batch. Phase 2 of the underground bulk sampling has been completed and over 17,000 tonnes have been processed through the on-site plant. The X-ray Flow-sort and grease table concentrates of Batches 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145A and 145B have been shipped to SGS Lakefield Research for final diamond recovery.

Kimberlite processed and diamond results for the six sample batches are listed in the table below. Grades are expressed in carats per hundred tonnes (cpht).

Batch #	Location	Dry Tonnes	Diamonds Number of Stones	Total (carats)	Grade (cpht)	Largest Stone (carats)
130	SOUTH 5B	346.40	291	41.96	12.11	2.06
131	SOUTH 16F	296.29	316	63.38	21.39	8.23
132	SOUTH 11A SILL SLASH	151.26	119	23.72	15.68	4.75
133	SOUTH 11B SILL SLASH	197.67	182	31.62	16.00	2.92
134	SOUTH 9 SILL SLASH	115.01	144	24.12	20.97	2.53
135	SOUTH 3-2 SILL SLASH	84.90	65	5.64	6.64	0.63
<b>Total</b>		<b>1,191.53</b>	<b>1,117</b>	<b>190.44</b>	<b>15.98</b>	

The four largest stones are: 8.23 (Batch 131, White), 5.04 (Batch 131, White), 4.75 (Batch 132, White) and 4.57 (Batch 131, White) carats, respectively. Eleven diamonds exceed two carats and 30 diamonds exceed one carat, of which 18 are white, 3 are off-white, 7 are grey and 2 are brown. A total of 67 diamonds exceed 0.5 carat. Sixty-eight percent of this diamond parcel is classified white in colour, with a further 12 percent classified as off-white. The diamond parcel includes five amber stones. Ninety-nine percent of the carat weight of this parcel occurs in diamonds greater than 1.18 millimetre square mesh.

Senior Vice President Exploration and Development, George Read, states: "On-site processing of the kimberlite batches of Phase 2 of the underground development is near completion. The final sets of Phase 2 results are anticipated before the end of April. Planning of Phase 3 of the underground development is at an advanced stage and the commencement of Phase 3, which will include bulk sampling of the Cantuar and Pense Kimberlite, is imminent. The collection of prefeasibility data which will be used to determine the presence of a National Instrument 43-101 compliant Mineral Resource is proceeding on schedule."

The diamond recovery procedure includes on-site processing of kimberlite through the modular Dense Media Separator (DMS), after which DMS concentrates are batch fed through an X-ray Flow-sort. In order to ensure the recovery of low luminosity diamonds, the Flow-sort tailings are processed over a grease table. Flow-sort and grease table concentrates are transported by a secure carrier to SGS Lakefield Research for final diamond recovery. The SGS Lakefield Research process includes drying, screening, magnetic separation, manual sorting and diamond weighing and description. SGS Lakefield Research is accredited to the ISO/IEC 17025 standard by the Standards Council of Canada as a testing laboratory for specific tests.

The prefeasibility study on Star, with a budget of approximately \$44 million, is now the largest work program outlined for any of the Fort a la Corne kimberlites. The aim of the prefeasibility study is to define a National Instrument 43-101 compliant Mineral Reserve for the Star Kimberlite. Senior Vice President Exploration and Development, George Read, Professional Geoscientist in the Provinces of Saskatchewan and British Columbia, is the Qualified Person responsible for the verification and quality assurance of analytical results. Shore is a Canadian based corporation engaged in the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties. Shares of the Company trade on the TSX Exchange under the trading symbol "SGF".

#### **Caution Regarding Forward-Looking Statements**

From time to time, Shore makes written or oral forward-looking statements within the meaning of certain securities laws, including the "safe harbour" provisions of the Ontario Securities Act and the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Shore may make such statements in this press release, in other filings with Canadian regulators or the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, in reports to shareholders or in other communications. These forward-looking statements include, among others, statements with respect to Shore's objectives for the ensuing year, our medium and long-term goals, and strategies to achieve those objectives and goals, as well as statements with respect to our beliefs, plans, objectives, expectations, anticipations, estimates and intentions. The words "may," "could," "should," "would," "suspect," "outlook," "believe," "plan," "anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "intend," and words and expressions of similar import are intended to identify forward-looking statements. In particular, statements regarding Shore's future operations, future exploration and development activities or the anticipated results of Shore's pre-feasibility study or other development plans contain forward-looking statements.

All forward-looking statements and information are based on Shore's current beliefs as well as assumptions made by and information currently available to Shore concerning anticipated financial performance, business prospects, strategies, regulatory developments, development plans, exploration, development and mining activities and commitments. Although management considers these assumptions to be reasonable based on information currently available to it, they may prove to be incorrect.

By their very nature, forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties, both general and specific, and risks exist that predictions, forecasts, projections and other forward-looking statements will not be achieved. We caution readers not to place undue reliance on these statements as a number of important factors could cause the actual results to differ materially from the beliefs, plans, objectives, expectations, anticipations, estimates and intentions expressed in such forward-looking statements. These factors include, but are not limited to, developments in world diamond markets, changes in diamond valuations, risks relating to fluctuations in the Canadian dollar and other currencies relative to the US dollar, changes in exploration, development or mining plans due to exploration results and changing budget priorities of Shore or its joint venture partners; the effects of competition in the markets in which Shore operates; the impact of changes in the laws and regulations regulating mining exploration and development; judicial or regulatory judgments and legal proceedings; operational and infrastructure risks and the additional risks described in Shore's most recently filed Annual Information Form, annual and interim MD&A and short form prospectus, and Shore's anticipation of and success in managing the foregoing risks.

Shore cautions that the foregoing list of factors that may affect future results is not exhaustive. When relying on our forward-looking statements to make decisions with respect to Shore, investors and others should carefully consider the foregoing factors and other uncertainties and potential events. Shore does not undertake to update any forward-looking statement, whether written or oral, that may be made from time to time by Shore or on our behalf.

For further information please contact:

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